# Mini PRO series

# Optical Time Domain Reflectometer



# **USER'S MANUAL**

# PREFACE

Thank you very much for purchasing and using this series of optical time domain reflectometers. This manual mainly contains the common operation and maintenance information of the instrument, as well as the common troubleshooting guide and other information. In order to facilitate your use, please read the contents of this manual carefully before operating the instrument, and follow the instructions of this manual correctly.

This manual is only used with this instrument. Any company or person is not allowed to tamper, copy and disseminate the contents of this manual for commercial purposes without the authorization of the company.

The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice. If you have any questions, please call the supplier, we will provide you with the best service!

Due to the need of design improvement, the contents are subject to change without notice.

#### Summary

This series of OTDR is a multi-functional optical measuring instrument, which integrates auto OTDR, expert OTDR, event map, optical power meter, visual fault location, power adjustable stable laser source, end face inspect, optical loss test, RJ45 cable length / sequence test, RJ45 cable tracking and other functions. It has touch screen and keys. It is the right assistant for optical cable construction, installation and maintenance, project acceptance and on-site repair.

#### Warning

When using the instrument, do not look directly at the laser output port or the end of the optical fiber with your eyes, avoid eye damage! Except for 1625nm/1650nm, all the others are off-line test wavelengths, which will cause damage to internal components of the instrument if forced to use! Any change or modification not explicitly permitted in this manual will deprive you of the right to operate the equipment. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose the equipment to thunderstorm or humid environment. In order to prevent electric shock, please do not open the shell. It must be repaired by qualified personnel designated by the manufacturer.

#### Attentions

**Battery:** the battery is a special polymer lithium battery, the charging voltage is 5V/2A, and the charging temperature range is 0 °C~ 50 °C. When the ambient temperature is too high, the charging will automatically terminate. The battery should be charged every one month to avoid long storage time and failure of battery due to self discharge. The temperature range of battery during long-term storage is: - 40 °C ~ 50 °C.

Please use the special adapter attached with the instrument box and use the external power supply in strict accordance with the specifications, otherwise the equipment may be damaged.

**End Face Cleaning:** Before testing, clean the end face of the tested fiber joint with alcohol cotton. **LCD screen:** the display of this series of instruments is 4.3 inch color LCD. In order to maintain good viewing effect, please keep the LCD screen clean. When cleaning, wipe the LCD screen with soft fabric.



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#### Тор

- © OTDR/LS port
- ◎ OPM port
- ③ VFL port
- ⊕ Flashlight
- ⑤ RJ45 Cable Tracker port
- <sup>®</sup> RJ45 Sequence/Length port
- <sup>⑦</sup> TF card
- ® Type C USB

## Main view

Dust cover
4.3 inch color LCD
Function keys
Charging indicator
Power on status indicator

## Bottom

**O**RJ45 Sequence test remote



# Power ON/OFF key

press less than 2s to turn on the machine, press more than 2s to pop up the shutdown confirmation pop-up window; When power on, short press to turn on or off the flashlight.



Enter the main menu after power on, there are 12 function modules. Press the direction key to select the module, and then press the "OK" key or directly press the function icon to enter the corresponding function interface.

	Flashlig	ht
Date &Time	USB	Battery
2020-10-20 09:25	⊷ <b>=</b> ∛	+ 🔲 🗢
	 TF card	 Shortcut menu

Press the "Shortcut menu" icon to enter the quick operation menu, and press different function icons to enter the corresponding function interface or realize the corresponding operation function.





Auto OTDR

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OTDR is an optoelectronic integrated instrument made of Rayleigh scattering and Fresnel reflection when optical signal is transmitted in optical fiber. It is widely used in the maintenance, construction and monitoring of optical cable lines. It can measure the length of optical fiber, transmission attenuation of optical fiber, attenuation of connector and fault location.

**Auto OTDR:** it only needs to set the wavelength and measurement time, and other parameters are automatically selected by the instrument to complete the test. For the specific meaning and explanation of each parameter, please refer to "expert OTDR".





#### Attention

Please do not test live fiber except live wavelengths!

# Expert OTDR

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**Expert OTDR:** parameters such as wavelength, test range and pulse width shall be set.

The test results are more accurate by selecting the appropriate measurement parameters in the expert mode. You can zoom in on the curve to see the details of each event.





#### Attention

Please do not test live fiber except live wavelengths!





**Wave:** the emit wavelength, which can be measured at 1310nm, 1550nm or 1310/1550nm at the same time. **Test range:** usually choose about 2 times of the length

of the optical fiber to be tested

**Pulse width:** refers to the time width of the optical pulse signal emitted during test. The larger the pulse width, the stronger the optical power injected into the optical fiber, the stronger the backscattering signal of the optical fiber is, and the farther the effective detection distance of the OTDR can be. However, the large pulse width will cause saturation of the initial reflection signal and a large blind area. The choice of pulse width is related to the length of the optical fiber. The longer the length, the larger the pulse width, which can only be modified in real-time/average measurement mode.

**IOR:** provided by optical cable or fiber manufacturer.It is the key parameter for calculating the distance, and can not be set arbitrarily.

Test settings	2020-1	10-20 09:25	⊷ <b>≣</b> ∛4 🔲	-
Wave	1310nm	Wave		Test
Test Range	64km	<ul><li>1310nm</li><li>1550nm</li></ul>		Settings
Pluse Width	10us	🔵 1310nm/15	50nm	
Test Time	5s			PASS/FAIL
IOR				Analysis Threshold
Unit	km			Bocovor
				Recover
End Fiber	无			Back

**Test time:** it is used in the average test mode. The longer the test time is, the better the signal-to-noise ratio of the signal is improved, and the more accurate the test result is. The user should choose the test time reasonably. It is proportional to the dynamic.

Unit: select the required unit, there are three options for km/kfeet/miles.

## Threshold/Criterion

#### Threshold settings

**Event loss threshold:** set the loss threshold of connection point, fusion point or macro bend in the link that can be tested, between 0.2~30dB, and the default value is 0.2dB. Events larger than the set threshold will be listed in the event table, or those will be ignored.

**Reflection threshold:** set the return loss threshold of the link reflection events that can be tested, ranging from 10dB to 60dB, and 40dB by default.

**End threshold:** set end loss at the end of the link that can be tested, ranging from 1~30dB, 10dB by default.

#### **Eligibility criteria**

Set the judgment value for the average loss of connection/fusion/bending/link. If it is less than the value, it is judged as "PASS", otherwise it is "FAIL".

**Connection loss:** reflection event, refers to flange, SC, LC and other joints;



Splicing loss: non reflective event, refers to fusion; Bending loss: non reflective events caused by fiber bending, need to be tested at two wavelengths at once; Average loss: the loss value per kilometer of the link under test.

	Link Loss	10.0dB	17100/17112
	Slope		Analysis Threshold
	1310nm		
	1550nm		Recover
			Back
Curve			
curve		_	

#### OTDR-Curve

Select correct parameter, the test results such as curve and event list will be displayed after test completed. **Curve zoom** 

Press the [zoom] menu to enter the zoom in and zoom out mode.

Zoom in or out in X direction

▲/▼ Zoom in or out in Y direction

Press [1:1] to return to the original scale display **Event list** 

List: the tested results are displayed in the form of a list. Total length: the total length of the link under test. Total loss: the total loss of the link under test.

**Slope:** the loss per kilometer of the link under test. **Total events:** the total number of events, the number of passed events and the number of failed events of the link under test.

#### In the event list:

**NO.:** the order of the current event.

**Type:** the type of the current event.

Distance: the location of the current event.



**Section:** the distance between the previous event and the current event.

Loss: the loss of the current event.

**Total loss:** the loss from the starting point to the current event.

**Slope:** the loss per kilometer from the starting point to the current event.

Reflection: the return loss of the current event.





After the measurement, press [save] to save the file, enter the file name, and press [enter] to save the file. You can also press [Fastsave] to save the file. The file is saved in a folder named the same day's date.

Auto save: open the auto save function, the file name will be automatically generated according to the rules;

File naming method (only valid for "auto save" and "one click save"):

①+④: file name + fiber number naming, fiber number increasing in order;

①+②+④: file name + wavelength + fiber number naming, fiber number increasing in order;

①+②+③+④: file name + wavelength + pulse width + fiber number, and the fiber number increases in order. File name: enter the file name manually;

**Optical fiber code ID:** the optical fiber number and code set when the line is initially laid;

Save	2020-1	10-20 09:25	⊷ <b>≣</b> † <b>/ </b> □	-
File naming		File naming		
File name		<del>V</del> (1) + (4)		
Fiber cade ID		0 1 + 2 + 4		
Location A		1+2+3	+ ④	
Location B				
Direction				-
Operator		<ol> <li>File name</li> <li>Wave</li> </ol>		
Autosave	Yes	<ul><li>③ Pulse width</li><li>④ Fiber NO.</li></ul>		Exit

Location A:Link start point location Location B:Link termination point location Direction:Optical fiber test direction, from A to B, from B to A;

Operator: enter the name of the tester.





#### **File operation**

All the test curves are saved in the standard SD card of the instrument. Press [File] to enter the file operation interface. You can open, delete and rename files.

The operation			2020-10-20 05.25		
Device Catalog	File	List		76 Files	Coloct all
Storage Card		No.	File name	Date	Select all
Storage card		1	20200421-13180TDR.bmp	2020-04-21 13:18	
20200421	$\checkmark$	2	OTDR-1550-500ns-001.sor	2020-04-21 13:25	Delete
- 📒 20200521		3	OTDR-1550-500ns-002.sor	2020-04-21 13:27	
- 📒 20200702		4	OTDR-1550-500ns-003.sor	2020-04-21 13:32	Rename
20200929		5	OTDR-1550-2000ns-001.sor	2020-04-21 14:42	
		6	OTDR-1550-2000ns-002.sor	2020-04-21 14:58	
		7	OTDR-1550-2000ns-003.sor	2020-04-21 15:26	
		8	OTDR-1550-5000ns-001.sor	2020-04-23 16:32	
		9	OTDR-1550-5000ns-002.sor	2020-04-23 16:45	
		10	OTDR-1550-5000ns-003.sor	2020-04-23 16:56	Dl-
			Page 1 / of 8		васк

**Event Map** 

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Wave

Reference

Threshold

Exit

The function is fully one key automatic test, and the information such as the length of the optical fiber link to be measured, the type of the joint and the position of the breakpoint are displayed graphically, and the results are clear and easy to understand.

The starting point of the link, after the start guiding fiber is added to the front Drop event, representing fusion point Rising event, caused by the inconsistency of refractive index of two sections of fiber Connector, square flange, SC, LC etc Optical fiber macro bending Optical fiber splitter - End of link



#### Attention

**OPM** 

Please do not test live fiber except live wavelengths!

It is used for signal power test and insertion loss test of various equipment and photoelectric components. It

Wavelength: switch the test wavelength.

330/1k/2kHz frequency laser.

Reference: set the current power as the reference power.

Calibration: enter the calibration mode.

Threshold: set the threshold value of power measurement. If it exceeds the threshold value, it will be marked in green; if it is lower than the threshold value, it will be marked in red.

The conversion relations of absolute power, relative power and linear power are as follows:  $P_{Abs.Pow}=10lgP_{Lin.Pow}/1mW$ PRel.Pow=PAbs.Pow-PRef.Pow







The visible fault locate (VFL) is injected into the optical fiber, and the position of optical fiber fault point can be easily and accurately determined by observing the light leakage position on the tested fiber. It is suitable for the detection of bare optical fiber, optical fiber jumper and other optical fiber which can leak red light, and the near end fault point and high loss section caused by micro bending.

Open: turn on the VFL and output in continuous mode

1Hz: VFL flashes at 1Hz 2Hz: VFL flashes at 2Hz frequency Close: turn off VFI



#### Warning

Avoid looking directly at the laser output port, laser will cause damage to human eyes!

Laser Source

It can output laser with the same wavelength as OTDR function, which can be used to test the parameters of telecommunication, CATV and LAN optical cables, test the insertion loss, isolation and return loss of optical passive components, and test the wavelength responsivity of detector.

There are five working modes : CW, 270Hz, 330hz, 1kHz and 2kHz.

#### Open: turns on the laser source

Wavelength: switch the wavelength of laser source Mode: switch laser source frequence, CW, 270Hz, 330Hz, 1kHz and 2kHz

- Power +: increase the output power
- Power : reduce the output power

Prompt the power adjustment progress bar at the bottom: sliding left and right can reduce and increase the output power of the light source respectively.



#### Warning

Avoid looking directly at the laser output port, laser will cause damage to human eyes!



#### Warning

Please cut off the electricity before test!





After the cable tracking function is started, touch the cable under test with the tracker, and when hear the sound of continuous "drip drop", the target cable is found

The equipment is pressure resistant, and can be directly tested online. Weak current equipment with DC voltage less than 60V such as ethernet switch and router. Test: turn on RJ45 cable tracking function.

The line finding mode of this machine is digital radar type, which has strong anti-jamming ability. According to the target distance and proximity, the frequency of prompt tone is different.



#### Attention

The cable tracking port is designated as the port

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on the left side of the OTDR displayed in yellow. Please connect correctly or it may cause damage to the equipment!

## System setting

Set the system automatic shutdown, backlight brightness, time and other information. Automatic shutdown: 5/15/30/45/60 minutes/never Backlight brightness: 20%/40%/60%/80%/100% Sound: turn on or off touch and key tone Language: displays the native language type USB connection: connect to the computer after opening and transfer data Time & date: set the time and date Restore factory settings: restore default values

Upgrade: native software update

System information: check the local information and alarm record

System	2020	2020-10-20 09:25 😽 🛱		-
Auto OFF		Auto OFF		Settings
Backlight	80%	Vever		Information
Веер	ON	5min		Information
Language	English	<ul> <li>30min</li> </ul>		Upgrade
USB Connection	ON	🔵 45min		
Date & Time		🔵 60min		
				Exit

**OTDR-Pulse selection** 

Auto OTDR: OTDR will automatically select the most suitable range and reference pulse width. Expert OTDR (real-time / average test): test range and pulse width can be adjusted manually. The list on the right is for reference only:

Test range 500m 2km 16km 32km 64km 100km 1km 4km 8km 3ns ~ 1 J J 1 J 5ns 10ns 1 ~ 1 1 1 ----20ns ~ 1 1 1 1 30ns J 1 1 J J 1 1 1 1 1 1 50ns 80ns ~ 1 1 1 1 4 1 160ns J 1 1 J 1 1 J J 1 ~ 1 ~ 320ns ~ ~ ~ ---500ns 1 1 1 1 1 800ns 4 1 J ~ 1 1 1 4 1000ns -\_ --\_ 2000ns 1 1 3000ns 1 ~ ---1 1 5000ns -------8000ns 1 1 10000ns 1 ~ 20000ns

#### **Faults and Solutions**

The description in the table on the right is for reference only. Please refer to the new instruction for detailed usage. In the process of using the instrument, if you have any questions, you can contact the instrument supplier.

Fault description	Cause of failure	Solutions
OTDR cannot start normally.	The battery is dead.	Charge the battery and observe the charging indicator. If the red light is displayed, continue charging. Otherwise, contact the supplier.
	Charging conditions are not met.	Charge the instrument at 0°C~ 50°C.
OTDR cannot be charged normally.	Battery or internal circuit problem.	Contact the supplier to replace the battery.
	OTDR parameters are not set correctly.	Reset the correct test parameters.
N	Fiber output end face is polluted.	Clean OTDR output end face.
Normal curve cannot be measured.	Output connector of OTDR is damaged.	Connect OTDR output connector.
	Optical output connector mismatch.	Replace the matched connector.
The noise of test curve is big and the	The connector is not connected properly.	Re connect the appropriate output interface.
waveform is not smooth.	The pulse width setting is too small.	Increase the test pulse width.
Saturation (flat top) appeared in the front of the test curve.	The pulse width is too large.	Decrease test pulse width parameter.
The reflection peak at the beginning	Fiber output end face is polluted.	Clean OTDR output end face.
of the test curve decreased slowly.	Fiber output end face is polluted.	Replace OTDR output connector.
There is a tailing phenomenon.	Optical output connector mismatch.	Replace the matched connector.
The reflection peak at the end of the	The test range is too small.	Increase test range value.
fiber cannot be measured.	The pulse width is too small.	Increase test pulse width parameter.
False positive in curve analysis.	Event threshold setting is too small.	Increase the pulse and the event threshold value.
The tested fiber length is not	OTDR parameters are not set correctly.	Reset the appropriate parameters.
accurate.	The refractive index is not set accurately.	Reset fiber index.
The slope of optical fiber is not	The front and tail of the test curve is too long.	Clean OTDR output end face.
accurate.	Improper setting of cursor position.	Reset cursor point position.

Maintenance



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#### **Cleaning of connectors**

The optical output interface of this series of OTDR is a replaceable universal interface, and the end face must be kept clean during use. When the instrument fails to test the normal curve or the test result is not accurate, first consider cleaning the connector.

When cleaning, be sure to turn off OTDR and visible red light fault location function. Screw off the output port and wipe the connection end face with a special dust-free paper towel or cotton swab wetted with alcohol.

At the same time, please cover the dust cap after using the instrument, and keep the dust-proof clean at the same time.

#### Instrument screen cleaning

The display of this series of optical time domain reflectors is 4.3 inch TFT full view color LCD with capacitive touch screen. When using, do not click on the LCD with sharp objects, or the derivative LCD screen may be damaged. When cleaning, clean the LCD screen with soft paper. Do not wipe the LCD screen with organic solvent, otherwise it may damage the LCD screen.